

# **Microfracture/OATS for Articular Cartilage Lesions**

## **Post-op Program:**

## **POD 1**

- 1. Ankle pumps -20-25 per hour
- 2. Active flexion to 90 as tolerated
- 3. Gait with crutches. Strict NWB.
- 4. Patellar mobilizations
- 5. Polar care/ cryotherapy
- 6. Dressing change
- 7. Quad sets
- 8. CPM 6 hours per day for 6 8 weeks
- 9. Encourage upper extremity strengthening for overall conditioning

# **POW 1-6**

- 1. Continue as above
- 2. Start SLR's: start standing, then sitting, then supine
- 3. May use e-stim to promote quad recruitment
- 4. Continue active flexion and encourage full extension
- 5. Progress ROM to full
- 6. Gait training with assistive device **NWB**
- 7. Start the following open chain exercises
  - a. Sidelying hip abduction and adduction
  - b. Sitting hip flexion
  - c. Ankle theraband
  - d. Standing hamstring curls to tolerance
- 8. Stationary bike with low resistance

# **POW 6-12**

- 1. Continue as above
- 2. Begin weight bearing. Progress from PWB to WBAT
- 3. Aquatic therapy may start at 6 weeks for LE strengthening
- 4. Standing terminal knee extension with theraband
- 5. May increase resistance on stationary bike at 8 weeks

### **POW 12-16**

- 1. Begin closed chain knee exercises: ENCOURAGE PROPER TECHNIQUE AT ALL TIMES.
  - a. Single leg stance: level to unlevel surfaces
  - b. Therakicks: progress resistance, speed, arc of motion
  - c. Walking forward, retro, and sidestepping
  - d. Standing calf raises, wobble board
  - e. Wall slides
  - f. Leg press with very light weights at 12 weeks
  - g. Stationary bike
- 2. Continue modalities
- 3. Encourage upper extremity strengthening for overall conditioning
- 4. Continue modalities

# POW 16-20

- 1. Continue as above
- 2. Progress exercises for building strength and endurance
  - -4-6 sets of 15-20 reps

-progress from double to single leg and concentric to eccentric -emphasis on closed chain activities only

- a. leg press
- b. squats (short arc)
- c. lunges (front/side/back)
- d. step-ups
- e. leg curls
- f. hip strengthening
- g resisted walking
- 3. Exercises for balance and proprioception
  - -progress from local to whole body
  - a. mini-tramp
  - b. Sport cord
  - c. Slide board
  - d. Swiss ball
- 4. Exercises for endurance
  - a. Bike
  - b. Stairmaster
  - c. Elliptical trainer
  - d. Treadmill walking/progress to jogging
  - e. Aquatic exercise

#### POW 20-return to sport

- 1. Progress jump roping to line jumps, then box jumps, and then distance jumps
- 2. Begin sport specific drills
- 3. Progress speed and intensity of above activities

## **Return to Athletics Criteria**

- 1. Satisfactory clinical exam
- 2. <10% isokinetic strength deficit (Leg Press)
- 3. Completion of sport replication activity
- 4. Single leg hop test