



Phases and time frames are designed to give the clinician a general sense of progression. The rehabilitation program following hip arthroscopy must be tailored to the exact surgical procedure performed, while respecting the healing process for soft tissue and bone.

The program is developed to balance healing, gentle restoration of hip range of motion (ROM), and muscular balance and stability in the core, pelvic floor and hip. Special attention is given to **not irritating the psoas muscle** during patient education of ADLs and in physical therapy exercises. The underlying etiology of hip pathology is closely examined during the rehabilitation process to ensure mechanics throughout the kinematic chain are not contributing factors to the pathological process.





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Post-Operative Rehabilitation Guidelines Hip Arthroscopy

POST-OPERATIVE PHASE I: Day 1-7

Avoid capsular irritation and operative site overload Avoid pivoting or rotating hip during ambulation
Avoid proting of rotating hip during ambulation
Avoid symptom provocation during ambulation, ADLs,
therapeutic exercise
Avoid active hip flexion with long lever arm such as
straight leg raise
No open chain or isolated hip muscle activation unless
isometric
Protective weight bearing (WB) (20%) for 2-3 weeks
unless specified by MD
Ambulation to fatigue only
Focus on core and hip stability exercises utilizing
isometrics and co-contractions of muscle groups
Short crank or regular bike with minimal resistance for 10
to 20 minutes without pain
Progress ROM as tolerated, e.g.:
 Quadruped rocking into hip flexion
 Active assisted range of motion internal
rotation/external rotation (IR/ER)





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	 Patient education: activity modification, bed mobility,
	positioning, transitional movements
	 Gait training with appropriate assistive device on level
	surfaces and stairs
	 Instruct in a step to gait pattern
	 Home exercise program (HEP) to include: abdominal
	setting supine, prone abdominal setting with gluteal
TREATMENT	setting with pillow under hips, quadriceps setting
RECOMMENDATIONS	
(CONT.)	
	 Minimizing pain and inflammation
EMPHASIZE	 Protection of surgical site
	 Patient compliance with activity modification
	 20% WB unless MD specified
	 Compliance with self-care, home management, activity
	modification
MINIMUM CRITERIA	 Normalized gait with appropriate assistive device
FOR ADVANCEMENT TO NEXT PHASE	 0/10 pain at rest and ambulation
	 Passive range of motion (PROM) expectations- monitor
	for pain
	 Hip flexion 75°





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	∘ ER 0°
	o IR 15°
POSSIBLE MODIFICATIONS	 No active ER x 4 weeks if patient has concomitant pelvic floor pathology Limit ER as per MD (0°-30°) if there has been a capsular fixation during surgery
	invation during surgery





POST-OPERATIVE PHASE II: Weeks 2-6

	 Avoid premature discharge of assistive
	device- continue to use assistive device
	until non-antalgic gait
	 Avoid symptom provocation during ADLs
PRECAUTIONS	or therapeutic exercise
	 Minimize faulty movement patterns and
	posture
	 Limit active hip flexion if symptomatic
	 Avoid premature use of gym equipment for
	hip strengthening
	 Soft tissue mobilization to hypertonic
	muscles only
	 Hip ROM with a stable pelvis: bent knee
	fall out, quadruped rocking
TREATMENT	 Hip strengthening, e.g.:
RECOMMENDATIONS	 Closed chain function and stability
	movements





- o Bridging, standing mini squats
- Open chain hip extension to neutral with abduction
- Core control progressions either from upper extremity movement patterns or functional, closed chain movements
- Functional strength to include:
 - o Stationary bike 10-20 minutes daily
 - Prone gluteal and core firing sequence
 - o Leg press after 3 weeks
 - Squats with emphasis on hip driven motion
 - Step up/step down (as strength allows)
 - o Abdominal stabilization progression
 - Standing contralateral stability with elastic bands

TREATMENT RECOMMENDATIONS (CONT.)





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	 Proprioception and balance
	exercises: progress from double
	limb support to single limb
	 Minimizing pain and inflammation
	 Patient compliance with activity
EMPHASIZE	modification
	 Continued protection of hip flexor with
	avoidance of faulty movement patterns
	 Upright bicycle tolerance 10-20 minutes
MINIMUM CRITERIA	daily
FOR ADVANCEMENT	 Able to ascend/descend 8" step with
TO NEXT PHASE	good pelvic control
	 Pelvic control during single limb stance
	5 5





POST-OPERATIVE PHASE III: Weeks 7-12

PRECAUTIONS	 Avoid symptom provocation, e.g. minimize active hip flexion if symptomatic Avoid sacrificing quality of movement for quantity Avoid over releasing tight tissues Limit strengthening the hip with gym equipment
TREATMENT RECOMMENDATIONS	 Soft tissue mobilization to hypertonic tissues only Progress pain free ROM at end range Demonstration of moderate level core exercises in functional patterns, e.g.: Quadruped stability Kneeling trunk stability and rotational strength Pallof press and rotations Standing diagonals Hip strengthening in closed chain





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	 Squats with emphasis on hip driven
	motion
	\circ Lunges - static and traveling
	 Leg press single limb progressions
	 Step up/step downs
	 Contralateral stability with elastic bands
	 Seated eccentric psoas strengthening
	 Cross training: elliptical trainer and
	bicycle- observe for good core and pelvic
	control
TREATMENT	 Proprioception and balance exercises,
RECOMMENDATIONS	e.g.:
	 Progress from double to single limb
(CONT.)	support with perturbations
	 Windmills, Lawnmowers
	 Star Excursion
	 Light agility drills
	 Initiate plyometrics if an adequate
	strength base is present
EMPHASIZE	 Minimize pain and inflammation





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	 Patient compliance with activity modification Protect hip flexors
	 Restore faulty functional movement patterns
MINIMUM CRITERIA FOR ADVANCEMENT TO NEXT PHASE	 Normalized gait without an assistive device Good dynamic balance 5/5 lower extremity strength Optimized PROM: Flexion 110°, IR 30°, ER 45° Pelvic control with single limb activities Independent HEP and gym program as instructed Core control: 30 second front/side planks, bird dog series with control





POST-OPERATIVE PHASE IV: Weeks 13-16

PRECAUTIONS	 Avoid symptom provocation
	 HEP and gym program, as instructed: strength training and flexibility exercises Closely monitor for adequate strength base Begin sport specific exercise progression Develop functional progression control Advance plyometric training: double to single leg progressions Dynamic balance activities, e.g. cutting/agility skills/external perturbation Advance training of core for strength and endurance Dynamic planks front/side up to 60 seconds Address remaining muscle imbalances





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	 Initiate running program with sufficient single leg stability 8" step up/down with pelvic control 60 second single leg side plank Monitor for weakness/faulty movement patterns Pelvic and LE control during plyometric exercises
EMPHASIZE	Self-monitoring of symptom provocationOptimize ROM and strengthFunctional strengthening
MINIMUM CRITERIA FOR ADVANCEMENT TO NEXT PHASE	 Lumbopelvic and hip strength/stability while maintaining pelvic control 0/10 pain with advanced activities Optimal ROM for activity demands Independent HEP and gym exercise program Minimal post-exercise soreness





POST-OPERATIVE PHASE V: Return to Sport

PRECAUTIONS	 Avoid pain with therapeutic exercise and functional activities
	 Avoid too much too soon- monitor exercise
	and activity dosing
	 Don't ignore functional progressions
	 Be certain to incorporate rest and recovery
TREATMENT RECOMMENDATIONS	 Initiate running when able to decelerate
	body weight with appropriate technique
	and control
	 Advance proprioceptive balance training
	 Advance LE strengthening (bilateral and
	single leg)
	 Plyometric progressions
	 Sport-specific agility training
	 Increase endurance and activity tolerance
	 Sport-specific multidirectional core
	retraining





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	 Progress total body multidirectional
	motor control exercises to meet sport-
	specific demands
	 Collaboration with trainer, coach or
	performance specialist
	 Patient education regarding self-
	monitoring of exercise volume and load
	progression.
	 Self-monitoring of exercise volume and load
	progression
EMPHASIZE	 Sport specific speed and power drills
	 Agility, change of direction and deceleration
	 Collaboration with appropriate trainer, coach
	or performance specialist
	 Lack of pain, swelling and apprehension
MINIMUM CRITERIA	with sports-specific movements
FOR RETURN TO	 Quantitative assessments ≥ 90% of
SPORT	contralateral LE
	 Movement patterns, functional strength,
	flexibility, motion, endurance, power,





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Post-Operative Rehabilitation Guidelines Hip Arthroscopy

deceleration, and accuracy to meet

demands of sport

 Independent with gym or return to sport program